Curriculum Vitae

How, Chun Ming (侯俊銘) · Post-doctoral researcher

Nationality: Malaysian (Language: English, Chinese, Cantonese, and Bahasa Melayu)

Affiliation:

1. State Key Laboratory of Marine Pollution, City University of Hong Kong, Kowloon, Hong Kong SAR, China.

2. Department of Biology, Hong Kong Baptist University, Kowloon, Hong Kong SAR, China.

Email: chunmhow@cityu.edu.hk

Research area & interest: <u>Environmental DNA</u>; Environmental biology; Environmental toxicology; Environmental health; Food safety; Environmental risk assessment; Soil and water pollution; Bioremediation.

Education: Ph.D. (2016.9 - 2022.1); M.S. (2014.9 - 2016.6); B.E. (2009.9 - 2014.1) BSE, NTU Taiwan.

Professional Experience: 1. Post-doctoral researcher (2022.12 – present): SKLMP, CityU HK.

2. Post-doctoral researcher (2022.6 – 2022.12): IFSH, NTU Taiwan.

Peer-reviewed publication (selected):

- 1. <u>CM How</u>, CW Huang*, 2023. Dietary transfer of zinc oxide nanoparticles induces locomotive defects associated with GABAergic motor neuron damage in *Caenorhabditis elegans*. *Nanomaterials*, 13, 289.
- 2. <u>CM How</u>¹, YH Kuo¹, ML Huang, VHC Liao*, 2023. Assessing the ecological risk and ecotoxicity of the microbially mediated restoration of heavy metal-contaminated river sediment. *Sci Total Environ*, 858, 159732.
- 3. <u>CM How</u>, VHC Liao*, 2022. Chronic exposure to environmentally relevant levels of di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) disrupts lipid metabolism associated with SBP-1/SREBP and ER stress in *C. elegans*. *Environ Pollut*, 307, 119579.
- 4. <u>CM How</u>, TA Lin, VHC Liao*, 2021. Early-life chronic di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate exposure worsens agerelated long-term associative memory decline associated with insulin/IGF-1 signaling and CRH-1/CREB in *Caenorhabditis elegans. J Hazard Mater*, 417, 126044.
- 5. <u>CM How</u>, PL Yen, CC Wei, SW Li, VHC Liao*, 2019. Early life exposure to di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate causes age-related declines associated with insulin/IGF-1-like signaling pathway and SKN-1 in *Caenorhabditis elegans. Environ Pollut*, 251, 871-878.
- 6. <u>CM How</u>, SW Li, VHC Liao*, 2018. Chronic exposure to triadimenol at environmentally relevant concentration adversely affects aging biomarkers in *Caenorhabditis elegans* associated with insulin/IGF-1 signaling pathway. *Sci Total Environ*, 640-641, 485-492.

Full record: https://orcid.org/0000-0001-5219-3826

